

EYFS Yearly Overview

Intent:

At Loxwood, we understand the importance of the Early Years in a child's curriculum. This is the foundation of a child's primary curriculum, where they lay the first building blocks to their education journey.

Our aim is for every child, to reach their full potential by:

- Becoming capable and well-rounded learners that are prepared for the wider world and future education.
- Developing socially and emotionally to become learners who work collaboratively and show kindness to one another.
- Having the ability to question and approaching their learning with a sense of enjoyment and curiosity.
- Being creative and being able to make rich connections between the different areas of learning and talk about their learning to help solve everyday problems.
- Solving problems by being curious, developing resilience and applying this to a variety of problems with increasing sophistication.

At Loxwood, we incorporate our core values (Resilience, Collaboration, Curiosity, Creativity and Kindness) to ensure that our children develop as life-long learners and responsible citizens. This starts in our Early Years Reception class and stays with them through their whole journey at Loxwood school. Through Quality First Teaching and having high expectations, we ensure all children (including disadvantaged and SEND) are accessing the curriculum by constantly reviewing and adapting teaching.

Implementation:

We have a coherent and sequenced curriculum, which starts with the Early Years Framework and builds on the progression of knowledge and skills for each year group. Our Early Years learning incorporates the Early Years Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage, by the DfE. This framework specifies the requirement for learning and development in the Early Years and provides prime and specific areas of learning we must cover in our curriculum. We have a curriculum that is child-centred and that is based upon wow experiences and topics which engage the children. We encourage active learning to ensure the children are motivated and interested. We take time to get to know children's interests and their likes to support learning. All areas of the EYFS curriculum are followed and planned for to ensure there is a broad, balanced and progressive learning environment and curriculum. The children will learn new skills, acquire new knowledge and demonstrate understanding through the seven areas of the EYFS curriculum.

- Personal, Social and Emotional Development
- Physical Development,
- Communication and Language,
- Literacy,
- Mathematics,
- Understanding the World,

• Expressive Arts and Design

Children in EYFS learn by playing and exploring, being active, and through creative and critical thinking which takes place both indoors and outside. Our outdoor areas are used all year round and in all weather conditions.

We ensure activities support the Characteristics of Effective Learning to ensure learning takes place. These are:

- Playing and Exploring children investigate and experience things, and have a go;
- Active Learning children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements;
- Creating and Thinking Critically children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas and develop strategies for doing things.

The school follows the Read, Write, Inc, DFE validated systematic, synthetic phonics scheme in school. Through this all children learn to read and write with accuracy, fluency and automaticity. Parents are supported through initial parent meetings and communication when required. Staff are trained and monitored regularly to ensure a consistent and successful approach. Children read daily in class and the books are matched specifically to the phonic phase they are learning, ensuring they are able to read independently.

To support our wider curriculum, we keep parents informed and we meet regularly with them to ensure children's transition into school and through the EYFS is happy and allows them to reach their potential with the support needed. This includes transition days, nursery or home visits, stay and play sessions, parent workshops, Tapestry, Learning Journals, wow moments, reports and parent consultations as well as more frequent informal communication to suit individual families. We also support the transition into Key Stage 1 for both child and parents. We prepare children for Year 1 with visits to their new class, meeting the teacher and ensuring the environments are similar at the end of EYFS and the start of Year 1. Parents have the opportunity to meet with new teachers and visit their child's new learning environment.

Impact:

At Loxwood, all pupils make excellent progress and this starts with a firm foundation in EYFS. This excellent outcome means that pupils have a firm foundation on which to build further knowledge in KS1 and then KS2. Because of this firm foundation and excellent progress, our pupils are equipped with the knowledge and skills they need to succeed at secondary school when they leave us.

We strive to ensure that our children's progress across the EYFS curriculum is good from their varied starting points. We also strive for children to achieve a Good Level of Development and many of the Early Learning Goals at the end of Reception, and to be as close as possible to National Expectations.

The impact of our curriculum is measured by assessment procedures which allow us to measure outcomes against all schools nationally. We measure the percentage of pupils achieving age related expectations and that are on track for GLD throughout the academic year, and put supportive interventions in place if and when needed.

We make formative assessments which inform future planning and ensure that all children build on their current knowledge and skills at a good pace. Summative assessment compares children attainment to age related expectations using month bands in the birth to five Matters document. We use Target Tracker as a system for recording ongoing progress using the steps and statements, this is regularly tracked to ensure rates of progress are at least good for all children, including vulnerable groups such as those with SEND, EAL, disadvantaged or summer born children. All of these feed into our termly pupil progress meetings with senior leaders and then into our class action plans for the lowest 20% and disadvantaged children

Children in our Early Years class are able to confidently talk about their learning and can apply age-appropriate skills and knowledge in their work. They are willing to take risks and learn from their mistakes, showing both perseverance and resilience in their learning.

	Autumn 1 This is me!	Autumn 2 Night and Day	Spring 1 Traditional Tales	Spring 2 People that help us	Summer 1 Growing	Summer 2 Moving on, Journeys And Adventures
Woodland Learning	PSED— safety rules, listening to the instructions and knowing the safe word. UW- Weather/ Seasonal change	PD – toast and hot chocolate on the fire. Independent skills, butter own toast. PSED – fire safety, rules of the fire circle.	UW- Big Garden Bird watch Continue to develop their fine motor skills so they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	Maths- making patterns using natural materials. UW – Easter egg hunt. UW- Weather/ Seasonal change	EAD – art exhibition. Build a bug house. UW- Weather/ Seasonal change	UW Pond dipping – exploring the animals that live in the pond. UW- Weather/ Seasonal change
	Autumn	UW- Weather/ Seasonal change Winter	UW- Weather/ Seasonal change Winter	Spring	Spring	Summer
Communication & Language (Listening and attention, Understanding, Speaking)	Children begin to learn to recognise their name. Focus on sitting on the carpet for story times. Beginning to recall key points of the story. Joining in with singing well known nursery rhymes. Listening and responding to simple	Children continue to learn to recognise their name. Focus on sitting on the carpet for story times. Beginning to sequence key events from the story verbally. Joining in with singing well known nursery rhymes and learn songs for the Christmas Nativity.	Continue to develop talk through partner skills. Lolly sticks are introduced to support question answering. Ask questions to find out more and check they have understood what has been said to them. Ask questions beginning with 'Why?' Articulate their ideas and thoughts in wellformed sentences.	Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Build a story together. Develop children's understanding of settings, characters and events in stories. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they	Able to sit on the carpet for increasing lengths of time and listen attentively to the input. Ask relevant questions and make comments about what they are learning. Able to take the learning for the input and use this in their independent learning. Loxwood Learners	Children work towards: ELG Listening Attention and Understanding — Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Children are now able
	one step instructions, e.g. 'Get your coat.' Children talk about their All about Me books and observations from	Listening and responding to simple one step instructions, e.g. 'Get your coat.'	Engage in story time- Know that stories have a plot line. Retell the story once they have developed familiarity with the	have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words.	code is embedded and used daily as part of their play and behaviour around the school. Children have a good understanding of the behaviour	to sit on the carpet for a longer and sustained period of time. They listen attentively to the teaching input and are able to complete

parents. Children's talk about their experiences at home and within the community.

Learn and begin to use key vocabulary form this term in their independent learning. UW/PSED/PD/EAD Beginning to listen to and follow the Loxwood Learners code. Children will understand the code and the words within it. Some may begin to be able to recall parts of it.

Non-fiction books about festivals and celebrations, children learn to talk about new information and link it to current and previous learning. Festivals- children talk about the festivals that we are learning about and compare them to the festivals and celebrations that they are familiar with.

Learn and begin to use key vocabulary form this term in their independent learning. UW/PSED/PD/EAD text. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Use a wider range of vocabulary.

Opportunities to regularly practice drama, role playing and storytelling both adult led and child initiated.

Focus on traditional tales in this half term-children use traditional story language in their own play based activities.

Teach new vocabulary, and practice applying it in modelled sentences during storytelling, discussions, and role play.

Learn and begin to use key vocabulary form this term in their independent learning. UW/PSED/PD/EAD Learn rhymes, poems and songs.

Listen to and talk about selected nonfiction to develop deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.

Follows complex instructions with more than one step in them. Respond to discussions with comments and questions.

Now able to listen in large group or whole school activities such as assembly, recalling some of the themes and comments at a later stage.

Non-fiction books in different topics, children talk about new information and link it to current and previous learning.
Focus on People who help us. Children learn about the different roles and jobs and the vocabulary associated with these roles.

expectations at school.

Opportunities to regularly practice drama, role playing and storytelling. Using the stories from this half term, children build on their previous knowledge of story-telling and embed this in their play based practise.

a task linked to that input. This could be in small groups or 1:1. Children confidently take part in class discussion, using the lolly sticks to select children to answer questions, ensuring that each child has the opportunity to speak regularly.

ELG Listening
Attention and
Understanding —
Make comments
about what they have
heard and ask
questions to clarify
their understanding.

Children are now confident when asking or answering questions, they listen to one another's answers and opinions and understand that other people's thoughts and opinions are just as valid as their own.

ELG Listening Attention and Understanding-

			Hold conversation when engaged in back-and forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
			Through adult led and child initiated opportunities, children can initiate conversation and understand that they have to let other's speak when it is their turn to do so.

				T	1	
PSED	Begin with simple	Begin with simple	Growth Mindset-	Growth Mindset-	Extend carpet time	Transition to year 1.
(Making	whole class	whole class rules and	Children recognise	recognise the	sessions to 20	Meet their new
relationships, Sense	instructions	behaviour	the characters and	characters and begin	minutes.	teacher, have story
of Self,		expectations	begin to understand	to understand what		time in the Year 1
Understanding	Classroom routines	More structured	what each of the five	each of the five	Introduce circle time	classroom
Emotions)	are introduced:	classroom routines	values mean. Learn	values mean.	sessions.	
Linotionsj	-Sitting on the carpet	are introduced:	about feelings,			Do small group work at
	for story time	-Sitting on the carpet	sharing, building self-	Continue to learn	Begin to think about	tables. Children will sit
	- inside/outside rules	for register following	esteem (what I am	about feelings,	personal space and the	for a period of time
	- picture timetable	a morning activity	good at)	sharing, building self-	no pants rule.	and work together or
	-teaching children	- inside/outside rules		esteem (what I am		independently
	how to manage their	- picture timetable	Express their feelings	good at)		alongside their peers
	own snack time	-teaching children	and consider the			in preparation for KS1
	(whole class together)	how to manage their	feelings of others	Express their feelings		style of learning.
	- going home routine,	own snack time,		and be aware of the		
	clear visuals and	adult to model	Continue to build	feelings of others		Attend more
	managing this routine	- going home routine,	relationships with			assemblies. Children
	in house colours	clear visuals and	peers and adults			who are ready will
	-children to learn	managing this routine	around the school.			attend the assemblies
	which house colours	in house colours				throughout the week.
	they are in.	-children to learn	Helping children to			
		which house colours	stay safe – Children			Talk to the children
		they are (House	understand the			about the changes
		names are	different coloured			that are going to
		introduced alongside	lanyards for the			happen and how we
		the colours)	different adults that			manage change.
			they see around the			
		Begin to explore	school.			
		basic emotions using				Children work
		the colour monster –				towards:
		one emotion every				
		week				ELG: Building
						Relationships
						Children at the
						expected level of
						development will:

			- Work and play
			cooperatively and take
			turns with others;
			- Form positive
			attachments to adults
			and friendships with
			peers;
			- Show sensitivity to
			their own and to
			others' needs
			Others freeds
			Children have a good
			sense of how to work
			and play together,
			taking turns and
			understanding that
			other people's needs
			maybe different to
			their own. Children
			show these skills
			through adult led
			activities and also child
			initiated play.
			ELG: Managing Self
			Children at the
			expected level of
			development will:
			- Explain the reasons
			for rules, know right
			from wrong and try to
			behave accordingly
			beliave accordingly
			Children will have a
			good knowledge of the
			school rules, the
			Loxwood Learners
			code and the

			Behaviour chart. They
			understand why they
			need to behave this
			way and how it creates
			a happy and safe
			environment for all of
			the children at
			Loxwood. They
			understand that they
			can work for house
			points and that each
			week their
			contribution gets
			added to the schools
			and the house with
			the most points win.
			·
			ELG: Managing Self
			Children at the
			expected level of
			development will:
			- Be confident to try
			new activities and
			show independence,
			resilience and
			perseverance in the
			face of challenge
			Children will have
			worked on problem
			solving throughout the
			year and will
			demonstrate resilience
			through their
			independent tasks as
			well as group and
			whole class sessions.

			ELG: Self-Regulation Children at the expected level of development will: - Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly Through the use of Colour monster and the zones of regulation, children will understand different emotions and that these are all ok. They will know how to manage their emotions and the strategies that they can use if they struggle to manage their emotions. This will be seen throughout the day in their child initiated interactions and activities. ELG: Managing Self Children at the expected level of development will:
			- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to

						Children will have a good understanding of the Loxwood Learner code and the school behaviour system. They will understand why it is important and be able to articulate this
Whole school RSHE themes	Me and my world Know they have a right to learn and play, safely and happily. Know that some people are different from themselves. Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly. Know special things about themselves.	know what being unique means. Know the names of some emotions such as happy, sad, frightened, and angry. Know why having friends is important. Know some qualities of a positive friendship.	 Relationships Know what a family is Know that different people in a family have different responsibilities (jobs) Know some of the characteristics of healthy and safe friendships Know that friends sometimes fall out 	 Know what the word 'healthy' means Know some things that they need to do to keep healthy Know the names for some parts of their body Know when and how to wash their hands properly - 	 Know what a challenge is Know that it is important to keep trying Know what a goal is Know how to set goals and work towards them Know which words are kind Know some jobs that they might 	 Know the names and functions of some parts of the body (see vocabulary list) Know that we grow from baby to adult Know who to talk to if they are feeling worried Know that sharing how they feel can help solve a worry

- Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed.
- Know that being kind is good.

Vocabulary: Kind, Gentle, Friend, Similar(ity), Different, Rights, Responsibilities, Feelings, Angry, Happy, Excited, Nervous, Sharing, Taking Turns

- Know that they don't have to be 'the same as' to be a friend.
- Know what being proud means and that people can be proud of different things.
- Know that people can be good at different things.
- Know that families can be different.
- Know that people have different homes and why they are important to them.
- Know different ways of making friends.
- Know different ways to stand up for myself

Vocabulary: Different, Special, Proud, Friends, Kind, Same, Similar, Happy, Sad, Frightened, Angry, Family

- Know some ways to mend a friendship
- Know that unkind words can never be taken back and they can hurt
- Know some reasons why others get angry

Vocabulary: Family, Jobs, Relationship, Friend, Lonely, Argue, Fall-out, Words, Feelings, Angry, Upset, Calm me, Breathing

- Know how to say no to strangers
- Know that they need to exercise to keep healthy
- Know how to help themselves go to sleep and that sleep is good for them
- Know what to do if they get lost

Vocabulary: Healthy, Exercise, Head, Shoulders, Knees, Toes, Sleep, Wash, Clean, Stranger, Scare

- like to do when they are older
- Know that they must work hard now in order to be able to achieve the job they want when they are older
- Know when they have achieved a goal

Vocabulary: Dream, Goal, Challenge, Job, Ambition, Perseverance, Achievement, Happy, Kind, Encourage Know that remembering happy times can help us move on

Vocabulary: Eye, Foot, Eyebrow, Forehead, Ear, Mouth, Arm, Leg, Chest, Knee, Nose, Tongue, Finger, Toe, Stomach, Hand, Baby, Grown-up, Adult, Change, Worry, Excited, Memories

PD	Get Set 4 PE scheme-	Get Set 4 PE scheme-	Get Set 4 PE scheme-	Get Set 4 PE scheme-	Get Set 4 PE scheme-	Get Set 4 PE scheme-
(Moving and handling, Health and self-care)	Get Set 4 PE scheme- Introduction to PE 1 Physical: moving safely, running, jumping, throwing, catching, following a path Social: sharing, leadership Emotional: perseverance, confidence Thinking: decision making, selecting and applying actions	Get Set 4 PE scheme- Fundamentals unit 1 Physical: balancing, running, jumping, changing direction, hopping, travelling Social: working safely, responsibility, helping others Emotional: honesty, challenging myself, determination Thinking: decision making, selecting and applying actions, using	Get Set 4 PE scheme-Ball skills unit 1 Physical: rolling a ball, stopping a rolling ball, throwing at a target, bouncing a ball, dribbling a ball with feet, kicking a ball Social: co-operation, supporting others Emotional: honesty, perseverance Thinking: using tactics, decision making	Get Set 4 PE scheme-Ball skills unit 2 Physical: rolling a ball, tracking a ball, throwing at a target, bouncing a ball, dribbling a ball with feet, kicking a ball Social: co-operation, sharing and taking turns Emotional: determination Thinking: using tactics, decision making	Get Set 4 PE scheme- Games unit 1 Physical: running, balancing, changing direction, striking a ball, throwing Social: communication, co-operation, taking turns, supporting and encouraging others Emotional: honesty and fair play, managing emotions Thinking: using tactics, decision making	 Physical: running, balancing, changing direction, striking a ball, throwing Social: communication, co-operation, taking turns, supporting and encouraging others
	PD in the environment: Support to use cutlery at lunchtime. Teach the children to pedal a trike.	tactics PD in the environment: Becoming more competent in using a knife to cut food.	PD in the environment: Using cutlery mostly independently.	PD in the environment: Using cutlery mostly independently.	PD in the environment:	PD in the environment:
	Fine motor activities to strengthen hand grip.	Fine motor activities to strengthen hand grip. Teach children how to hold scissors and learn the safety	Fine motor activities to strengthen hand grip. Remind children how to hold scissors	Fine motor activities to strengthen hand grip. Remind children how to hold scissors	Fine motor activities to strengthen hand grip. Remind children how to hold scissors and	Continue to develop their fine motor skills so they can use a range of tools

Show the children how to hold a chunky pencil. Using the pick	rules regarding scissors. Use scissors to snip paper. Show the children how to hold a chunky panel. Using the pick.	and the safety rules regarding scissors. Use scissors to follow lines on paper. Show the children	and the safety rules regarding scissors. Use scissors to cut other materials e.g. card. Easter cards — cut circles. Remind the children	the safety rules regarding scissors. Use scissors to create. Remind the children	competently, safely and confidently. Children able to form
and flick technique. Free flow opportunities to mark make. Letter formation linked to phonics.	pencil. Using the pick and flick technique. Free flow opportunities to mark make. Letter formation linked to phonics. Begin to use the school handwriting scheme to practice correct letter formation.	how to hold a chunky pencil. Using the pick and flick technique. Free flow opportunities to mark make. Letter formation linked to phonics. (All single letter sounds). Continue to use the school handwriting script alongside the RWI patter to form letters correctly. Begin to write their names.	how to hold a chunky pencil. Using the pick and flick technique. Free flow opportunities to mark make. Letter formation linked to phonics. (All single letter sounds). Begin to write their names and to form letters on a line. Continue to use the school handwriting script alongside the RWI patter to form letters correctly.	how to hold a chunky pencil. Using the pick and flick technique. Free flow opportunities to mark make. Accurate letter formation linked to phonics. (All single letter sounds). Begin to write their names and to form letters on a line. Continue to use the school handwriting script alongside the RWI patter to form letters correctly.	letters mostly accurately and to hold a pencil/pen/paintbrush comfortably. Most children will be able to write their name. Continue to use the school handwriting script alongside the RWI patter to form letters correctly. ELG: Gross Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: - Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; - Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; - Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping,

			skipping and climbing.
			ELG: Fine Motor Skills Children at the
			expected level of development will:
			- Hold a pencil effectively in
			preparation for fluent writing – using
			the tripod grip in almost all cases; - Use a range of small
			tools, including scissors, paint brushes
			and cutlery;
			- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.
			ELG: Managing Self Children at the
			expected level of development will:
			- Manage their own basic hygiene and
			personal needs, including
			dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the
			importance of healthy food
			choices.

Literacy	To use pictures to tell	To engage in story	Read simple words	Read simple words	Read simple words	Read simple words
(Reading and	stories	times, joining in with	and phrases made up	and phrases made up	and phrases made up	and phrases made up
Writing)		repeated phrases and	of words with known	of words with known	of words with known	of words with known
0 /	To sequence familiar	actions	letter-sound	letter-sound	letter-sound	letter-sound
	stories		correspondences	correspondence	correspondence	correspondence
		To begin to answer	Spell words by			
	To independently	questions about the	identifying the sounds	Spell words by	Spell words by	Spell words by
	look at book, holding	stories that are read	and then writing the	identifying the sounds	identifying the sounds	identifying the sounds
	them the correct way	to them	sound with letter/s	and write them using	and write them using	and write them using
	and turning pages		Understand key	correct letter	correct letter	correct letter
		To enjoy and	concepts about print	formation in line with	formation in line with	formation in line with
	To recognise their	increasing range of	including the names	the school	the school handwriting	the school handwriting
	name	books including	of different parts of a	handwriting policy.	policy.	policy.
		fiction, non-fiction,	book			
		poems and rhymes	Make up stories	Continue daily	Continue daily	Continue daily
			Retell familiar tales	handwriting sessions-	handwriting sessions-	handwriting sessions-
		To recognise and	using story language	focusing on forming	focusing on forming	focusing on forming
		write their names		the letters correctly-	the letters correctly-	the letters correctly-
		using a template to	To recognise and	use the patter from	use the patter from	use the patter from
		trace over.	write their names	RWI and model	RWI and model writing	RWI and model writing
				writing on the line in	on the line in line with	on the line in line with
		Begin daily	Continue daily	line with the school	the school	the school
		handwriting sessions-	handwriting sessions-	Handwriting policy.	Handwriting policy.	Handwriting policy.
		focusing on forming	focusing on forming	Begin to write short	Begin to write short	Begin to write short
		the letters correctly-	the letters correctly-	captions that are	sentences that are	sentences that are
		use the patter from	use the patter from	dictated and	dictated and modelled	dictated and modelled
		RWI and model	RWI and model	modelled to the	to the children.	to the children.
		writing on the line in	writing on the line in	children.		
		line with the school's	line with the school	Introduce contitue	Continue to model and	Continue to model and
		Handwriting policy.	Handwriting policy.	Introduce capital	embed capital letters,	embed capital letters,
			Begin to write short	letters, finger spaces and full stops.	finger spaces and full	finger spaces and full
			captions that are dictated and	and full stops.	stops.	stops.
			modelled to the	 Introduce	Opportunities for	Opportunities for
			children.	opportunities for	Opportunities for independent writing	independent writing
			Ciliuien.	independent writing.	muepenuent witting	independent witting

			Introduce capital letters, finger spaces			ELG: Writing Children at the
			and full stops.			expected level of
						development will:
						- Write recognisable
						letters, most of which
						are correctly formed;
						- Spell words by
						identifying sounds in
						them and representing
						the
						sounds with a letter or
						letters;
						- Write simple phrases
						and sentences that can
						be read by others.
Key Texts	This is me:	Nonfiction books	Traditional Tales –	Non-fiction -	Nonfiction -	Nonfiction -
	Incredible you	about the seasons	Three Bears,	texts about people	Books about spring	Books about the world
	What makes me me	and day and night	Storytelling week	who	Time, plants and	and journeys
	Only one you	E	N. C 1	help us	animals	Amelia Earhart
	Super Duper you	Fiction:	Nonfiction books	Ambulance	How things grow-	F: .:
	The lion inside	Halloween	about animals	Police	Osbourne	Fiction -
	Our class is a family	We're going on a	Fiation	Fire service	Figtion .	The everywhere bear
	Dhanalagical	Pumpkin hunt What's in the	Fiction: Goldilocks and the	Nurses	Fiction -	Zog Tiddler
	Phonological	what's in the witches' kitchen?	three bears	Doctors Vets	Superworm	On the way home
	awareness: Oi Frog collection	Funny bones	The three little pigs	Teachers	Hungry caterpillar The ugly duckling	You can't take an
	Rumble in the jungle	Meg and Mog	Little Red Riding Hood	I Eduliel S	Tree	elephant on the bus
	Hairy Maclairy set	Bonfire night	The Three Billy Goats	Fiction –	The extraordinary	The train ride
	Tanka Tanka skunk	Look up	Gruff	A superhero like you	gardener	Journey Aaron Becker
	Walking through the	How to catch a star	The enormous Turnip	Maisie goes to	Daractici	Joanney Maron Decker
	jungle	Diwali	Jack and the bean	hospital		
	Simon sock	The best Diwali ever	stalk	Mog and the Vee ee		
		Rama and Sita	Mixed up fairy tales	tee		
	Other Familiar texts :	Owl babies	Goldilocks and just	Cops and Robbers		
	Zoo		one bear	What the ladybird		
	Julia Donaldson e.g		Goldilocks in space	heard		

	Gruffalo		Three wolves and the			
	Room on a broom		big bad pig			
	We're going on a bear		Jack and the jelly			
	hunt		bean stalk			
			Mrs Wolf's pancakes			
Phonics	Phonological Awareness Aspect 1: General sound discrimination – environmental sounds. Aspect 2: General sound discrimination – instrumental sounds Aspect 3: General sound discrimination – body percussion Tuning into sounds.	Phonological Awareness Aspect 4: Rhythm and rhyme -Tuning into sounds Aspect 5: Alliteration -Tuning into sounds Aspect 6: Voice sounds -Tuning into sounds	Phonological Awareness Aspect 7: Oral blending and segmenting -Tuning into sounds	Repeat the aspects of phonological awareness as necessary	Repeat the aspects of phonological awareness as necessary	Repeat the aspects of phonological awareness as necessary
	RWI phonic lessons will begin- learn the first 16 letter sounds and patter to accompany it.	RWI- Read 25 Set 1 single letter sounds Learn to blend: Word Time 1.1 to 1.4 Spell using Fred Fingers Read 25 Set 1 single letter sounds speedily Blend independently using Phonics Green Word cards: Word Time 1.1 to 1.5 Spell using Fred Fingers	RWI- Read Set 1 Special Friends Read words with Special Friends: Word Time 1.6 Review Word Time 1.1 to 1.5 Read 3-sound nonsense words Spell using Fred Fingers	RWI- Children can read set 1 words speedily. They are able to read other words using their phonic knowledge. Review Set 1 sounds speedily Read 4 and 5 sound words: Word Time 1.7 Review Word Time 1.1 to 1.6 Read 3 and 4 sound nonsense words Spell using Fred Fingers	RWI- Read Set 2 sounds and matching Phonics Green Words including longer words Review Set 1 Phonics Green Words Read nonsense words Spell using Fred Fingers Children can read and spell Reception High frequency words. More able to be exposed to Year 1 High Frequency words	RWI- Read Set 2 sounds and matching Phonics Green Words including longer words Review Set 1 Phonics Green Words Read nonsense words Spell using Fred Fingers Once secure, read Set 3 sounds and matching Phonics Green Words Children can read and spell Reception High frequency words. More able to be

						exposed to Year 1 High Frequency words
						ELG: Word Reading Children at the expected level of development will: - Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs; - Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending; - Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.
Maths (White Rose planning)	-Use this time to get to know the childrenSing number songs -Play counting games Just like meMatch and sort -Compare amounts -Compare sizes, mass	It's me 1,2,3Representing 1,2,3 -Comparing 1,2,3 -Composition of 1,2,3, -Circles and Triangles Light and darkRepresenting numbers to 5 -One more or less	Introducing zero Comparing numbers to 5 Composition of 4 and 5 Compare mass Compare capacity Exploring 6,7,8 Combining two amounts Making pairs Length and height	Building 9 and 10 -Counting to 9 and 10 -Comparing numbers to 10 -Bonds to 10 -3-D shapes -Spatial awareness -Patterns Consolidation	To 20 and Beyond -Build numbers beyond 10 -Count patterns beyond 10 -Spatial reasoning 1 -Match, rotate, manipulate First, then, now -Adding more	Find my pattern -Doubling -Sharing and grouping -Even and odd -Spatial reasoning 3 -Visualise and build On the move -Deepen understanding -Patterns and relationships -Spatial reasoning 4
	and capacity -Exploring pattern	-Shapes with 4 sides	Time		-Adding more -Taking away -Spatial reasoning 2	-Mapping

Fluency- Children can read and order numbers to 5	Fluency- Children can read and order numbers to 10	Fluency- Children can read and order numbers to 10 Composition of numbers to 5.	Fluency- Children can read and order numbers to 10 Composition of numbers to 10.	-Compose and decompose Fluency- Children can read and order numbers to 20 Composition of numbers beyond 10.	Fluency- Children can read and order numbers to 20 Composition of numbers beyond 10. ELG: Number Children at the expected level of development will: - Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; - Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5; - Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts ELG: Numerical Patterns Children at the expected level of development will:
					development will: - Verbally count beyond 20,

						recognising the pattern of the counting system; - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity; - Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
Understanding of the World	'This is me book'- use this to talk about their	Focus on the festivals of Halloween, Diwali,	Focus on Lunar/Chinese new	RE - Focus on Eid (moves around as the	Visit/walk to the local church	Visit to the seaside and SeaWorld in Brighton.
(People and	families and know	Hanukah, and	Year- looking at	celebration moves)		
communities, The	that some families are different to theirs	Christmas Children learn about	dances, costumes, food, the colour red	Forces- using	Plants- children will grow their own plants	Comparing photos of now and when they
World, and Technology)	Understand that	these celebrations as		wheeled	and learn the different	were younger- use
	some families might celebrate different	they happen I the calendar and who	Winter experiments Describe what they	vehicles/water play/ sand/moving and	parts of a plant. Children will know	their 'This is me book'. Talk about what is the
	occasions throughout	celebrates them.	see, hear and feel	handling objects of	what a plant needs in	same and what is
	the year	Focus on Clothing, food, places of	while they are outside.	different shape/size and weight, children	order to survive and	different. Vocabulary: old,
	Use vocabulary:	worship	outside.	will begin to explore	grow. Vocabulary-	young,
	Past, now, before,	·	Bears- comment on	different forces such	Names of some	
	after, next, a long time ago, before I was	Nocturnal animals- children will learn the	modern teddy bears and compare these to	as gravity/friction/ magnets	common plants found	Significant occasions: Moving to Year 1- How
	born	names of native	teddy bears from the		in the school grounds: eg daisy, buttercup,	do you feel?
		nocturnal animals	past - comment on	Significant occasions:	dandelion etc	What will it be like?

Significant occasions: how do they celebrate birthdaysthis is me book.

Be able to name different parts of the body through nursery rhymes-

Use vocabulary: head, shoulder, knees, toes, eyes, ears, mouth, nose, eyebrows, forehead, chin, cheek, neck, chest, back, arm, elbow, hand, fingers, tummy, leg, feet, toes, hair, nail

Internet safety- talk about what they use tablets/phones/ computers for. Show them the story of Buddy and discuss how to keep safe on the internet and who to ask for help. Children will: -Use educational internet sites that are age appropriate and safe to use. -Children will understand that they need to seek help if they see something

and learn about their habitats.

Vocabulary - Names of familiar animals: eg cow, horse, ant Habitat names: eg compost heap, field, woodland, flower bed.

Baby, grow, parent

Seasonal change-children will begin to notice and observe seasonal changes.
Vocabulary- Seasons: names of the days of the week, months of the year and seasons.
Weather: simple weather vocabulary to describe what they can see and feel when outside.

Old and new-compare old and new toys, vehicles.
Use vocabulary: old, new, modern, traditional, ancient, old, young,

Internet safety-Talk about what we use the internet for images of familiar situations in the past.

Materials- describing different texturescompare colours, feelings of them. Vocabulary -Names of common materials: eg wood, paper, metal, plastic.

Properties of materials: soft, hard, fluffy, smooth, spiky, furry etc

Internet safety-Take part in Safer internet day. Collect pupil voice on who to ask for help and how to keep safe on the internet. Show the story on NSPCC website for safer internet day Children will: -Use educational internet sites that are age appropriate and safe to use. -Children will understand that they need to seek help if they see something unexpected or worrying

Easter- how do you celebrate this? Do we all celebrate the same?

Seasonal change-children will begin to notice and observe seasonal changes.
Seasons: names of the days of the week, months of the year and seasons.
Weather: simple weather vocabulary to describe what they can see and feel when outside.

Internet safety-Children begin to use the laptops to play educational gamesrevisit what they need to do to keep safe online at school. Children will: -Use educational internet sites that are age appropriate and safe to use. -Children will understand that they need to seek help if they see something unexpected or

worrying

Name some basic features of plants: e.g. leaf, flower, and stem.

Seasonal change-children will begin to notice and observe seasonal changes.
Seasons: names of the days of the week, months of the year and seasons.
Weather: simple weather vocabulary to describe what they can see and feel when outside.

Internet safety-Beebots and laptopschildren learn how to programme at a very simple level and use the associated vocabulary.

- revisit what they need to do to keep safe online at school.

Children will:
-Use educational
internet sites that are
age appropriate and
safe to use.
-Children will
understand that they
need to seek help if

Internet safety-Beebots and laptopschildren learn how to programme at a very simple level and use the associated vocabulary.

- vocabulary.
 revisit what they
 need to do to keep
 safe online at school.
 Children will:
 -Use educational
 internet sites that are
 age appropriate and
 safe to use.
 -Children will
 - -Children will understand that they need to seek help if they see something unexpected or worrying -Children will know what appropriate and

inappropriate behaviour on the internet is. Vocabulary: Paint, colour, brush, tools, keyboards, keys, mouse, click, button,

Geography
Children will
-Talk about the local
environment in and
around the school.

double click.

unexpected or worrying
-Children will know what appropriate and inappropriate behaviour on the internet is.
Vocabulary: Paint, colour, brush, tools, keyboards, keys, mouse, click, button, double click.

RE-Look at Judaism and synagogues in school and how we can keep safe in school. Revisit the story of Buddy. Children will:
-Use educational internet sites that are age appropriate and safe to use.
-Children will understand that they need to seek help if they see something

need to seek help if they see something unexpected or worrying -Children will know what appropriate and inappropriate behaviour on the internet is.

Vocabulary: Paint, colour, brush, tools, keyboards, keys, mouse, click, button,

Significant occasions: Christmas- how do you celebrate this? Do we all celebrate the same?

double click.

RE- Christianity -Church, Bible, Judaism- Hanukkah, synagogue, Islam - Qur'an, mosque, , Muslims -Children will know what appropriate and inappropriate behaviour on the internet is.
Vocabulary: Paint, colour, brush, tools, keyboards, keys, mouse, click, button, double click.

Geographical-Children will
-Understand that
maps have meanings
-Use maps to talk
about places
-Begin to talk about
countries and the
world
Vocabulary: Map,
North, South, East
and West, direction,
position, journey,
turning, landmark,
viewpoint,

RE- Buddhism and temples

-Children will know what appropriate and inappropriate behaviour on the internet is.
Vocabulary: Paint, colour, brush, tools, keyboards, keys, mouse, click, button, double click.

RE- Islam and Mosques they see something unexpected or worrying
-Children will know what appropriate and inappropriate behaviour on the internet is.
Vocabulary: Paint, colour, brush, tools, keyboards, keys, mouse, click, button, double click.

Local walk - Children will -Talk about the local area and be able to make observations of what they see. -They will make observations of the local environment -Walk around the local area- children will take part in a walk around the local area taking photos and collecting natural objects to then discuss back in class. Vocabulary: Country. city, seaside, farm, village, town, field, spring, summer, autumn, winter, hill, river, canal, sea,

-Compare the UK with a contrasting country in the world.
Vocabulary: Loxwood,
Sussex, London,
England, UK,
Antarctica, Arctic,
Africa, The World,
country, city, seaside,
farm, village, town,
field, hill, river, canal,
sea, desert, sea, ocean

Children will -Start to understand the difference between human and physical geography with regards to manmade and natural features around them in the local environment -They will know some similarities and differences between the natural world, for example, the change in season and what effect that has on the plants and animals. Vocabulary: Country, city, seaside, farm, village, town, field, spring, summer, autumn, winter, hill, river, canal, sea, house, shop, library,

Hinduism -Hindu,		RE- Christianity and	post office, village hall,
Diwali, diva lamp,		churches	church,
Mandir			
Look at Hinduism and			ELG: Past and Present
Temples-Gudwara			Children at the
i i			expected level of
			development will:
			- Talk about the lives
			of the people around
			them and their roles in
			society;
			- Know some
			similarities and
			differences between
			things in the
			past and now, drawing
			on their experiences
			and what has been
			read in class;
			- Understand the past
			through settings,
			characters and events
			encountered in books
			read in class and
			storytelling.
			ELG: People, Culture
			and Communities
			Children at the
			expected level of
			development will:
			- Describe their
			immediate
			environment using
			knowledge from
			observation,
			discussion, stories,
			non-fiction texts and
			maps;

			- Know some
			similarities and
			differences between
			different
			religious and cultural
			communities in this
			country, drawing on
			their experiences and
			what has been read in
			class;
			- Explain some
			similarities and
			differences between
			life in this
			country and life in
			other countries,
			drawing on knowledge
			from
			stories, non-fiction
			texts and – when
			appropriate – maps.
			ELG: The Natural World
			Children at the
			expected level of
			development will:
			- Explore the natural
			world around them,
			making observations
			and drawing pictures
			of animals and plants;
			- Know some
			similarities and
			differences between
			the natural
			world around them
			and contrasting
			environments, drawing
			on
			OH

						their experiences and what has been read in class; - Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.
Expressive Arts &	Sing familiar nursery	Sing familiar nursery	Role –play (acting out	Role play people who	Role play- children act	Role play- children act
Design	rhymes.	rhymes	real life scenarios or	help us- inspiration	out the stories that we	out the stories that we
(Creating with	Dala play familiar	Dala play familiar	stories)	from visitors coming in. Children use	are reading using	are reading using
Materials, and	Role play familiar stories	Role play familiar stories and rhymes.	Make imaginative and complex 'small	costumes and	masks/costumes/small world/puppets.	masks/costumes/small world/puppets.
Being Imaginative	Stories	Dressing up	worlds' with	vocabulary to re-	Children use the	Children use the
and Expressive.)	Children explore	Role play different	blocks/construction	enact the roles and	language from the	language from the
	colour, texture-	festivals form this	kits e.g. a city with	jobs that they do.	stories that we have	stories that we have
	playdoh, pens,	time of year.	buildings and parks	,	read	read.
	pencils, tissue paper			Children use split pins		
		Children explore	Children create	to create a moving	Inspiration from the	
	Using the artwork by	different adhesives to	lanterns and dragons	picture	book 'Grandpa's	Using the artwork by
	the artist Matisse	join materials: glue,	for Chinese/lunar new	Easter cards	Island', children work	the artist Pollak
	explore patterns.	string, selotape,	year.		together to create	explore creating big
	Children use sponges	masking tape, and		Using the artwork by	their own island. Using	canvas paintings.
	and prints to create	staples with support. Christmas cards and	Introduce the artist	the artist Seurat	junk modelling	Children use different
	their own patterned artwork.	decorations	Mondrian- Explore, use and refine a	explore dots. Children use cotton buds to	purposefully to make animals, plants and	sized brushes and pens/pencils/chalks to
	Children using	decorations	variety of artistic	create their own	landscape for their	create different sized
	different colours and	Using the artwork by	effects to express	dotty artwork.	own island.	strokes, shapes and
	be able to name each	the artist Van Gogh	their ideas and	Children practise	Children use these	patterns. Exploration
	colour as they use it.	explore swirls.	feelings Listen	sketching the outline	materials with a	of colour continues.
	<u> </u>	Children use brushes,	attentively, move to	of their artwork and	purpose- they plan	
	Music –	cotton buds to create	and talk about music,	then use cotton	their creation before	Music-
	Children can sit and	their own swirly	expressing their	buds/fingers and	they make it.	Performing using
	listen to music for	artwork.	feelings and	choose colours	Sculpture, cut, stick,	notation-
	short periods of time.	Colour mixing to	responses	carefully to create	glue, selotape, string,	Children will follow
		explore different		their dotty paintings.	masking tape,	pictures and symbols

Children respond to	colour swirls.	Develop storylines in		cardboard, foil,-	to guide singing and
the music by moving	Children begin to	their pretend play	Music-	sculpture#	playing.
their bodies and	know how to make	Retell traditional tales	Composition-	Sourpeur en	Vocabulary:
begin to give simple	secondary colours	using small world and	Children will create		Pulse, rhythm, pitch,
opinions about	secondary consums	puppets	musical sounds in	Music-	tempo, beat,
whether they like the	Music	puppets	response to stimuli.	Performing using	percussion, call and
music or not.	Linked to Literacy	Using the artwork by	Choose to play	notation-	response.
Vocabulary:	and phonological	the artist Mondrian	instruments or	Children will follow	response.
Pulse, rhythm, pitch,	awareness:	explore squares and	sound-makers.	pictures and symbols	ELG: Creating with
tempo, beat,	Children will learn to	rectangle. Children	Journa makers.	to guide singing and	Materials
percussion	clap a steady beat	use tape to create	Vocabulary:	playing.	Children at the
percussion	with others	their own squares	Pulse, rhythm, pitch,	Vocabulary:	expected level of
	They will be able to	and rectangles. Focus	tempo, beat,	Pulse, rhythm, pitch,	development will:
	copy a rhythm led by	on primary colours to	percussion, call and	tempo, beat,	- Safely use and
	the teacher.	create their own	response.	percussion, call and	explore a variety of
	They will go for walks	Mondrian inspired	теэропэс.	response.	materials, tools and
	and listen to sounds	paintings.		response.	techniques,
	in the local school	Use paint brushes,			experimenting with
	environment and	paint sticks			colour, design, texture,
	begin to compare	panie stieks			form
	them	Music-			and function;
	them	Children will create			- Share their creations,
	Performing Music:	musical sounds in			explaining the process
	Children will sing and	response to stimuli.			they have used;
	listen to Sing simple	They will choose to			- Make use of props
	songs, and rhymes	play instruments or			and materials when
	from memory	sound-makers.			role playing characters
	Build confidence	Vocabulary:			in
	when singing	Pulse, rhythm, pitch,			narratives and stories.
	collectively	tempo, beat,			narratives and stories.
	In December,	percussion, call and			ELG: Being Imaginative
	Children will take	response.			and Expressive
	part in the school	response.			Children at the
	Christmas				expected level of
	performance, joining				development will:
	in and singing as part				- Invent, adapt and
	of a group.				recount narratives and
	Vocabulary:				stories with peers and
	vocabalary.			l .	stories with peers and

		Pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, beat, percussion, call and response. , call and response.				their teacher; - Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; - Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and — when appropriate — try to move in time with music.
Topic/ theme days/ parent events/ visits/ visitors	Home visits/ Transition/staggered starts Phonics parent meeting Pyjama day	Meet the teacher meeting for parents. Halloween Firework night Carols around the tree Nativity	Spring Chinese New Year Valentine's day Big Garden bird watch	Visit from paramedic /police officer/Firefighters	Visit to local area- church, canal, North Hall Hatching chicks Lambs visit school	Trip to seaside and Sea World, Brighton Transition to Year 1 Sports day Whole school picnic Year 5/6 production